# M&G 5% Target Income Fund

# September 2024

# Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class)



Annualised performance	A class	CPI	B class
1 year	20.5%	4.4%	20.9%
2 years	15.1%	4.6%	15.5%
3 years	9.6%	5.6%	10.0%
5 years	8.3%	5.0%	8.7%
Since inception	7.8%	4.9%	-

Returns since inception <sup>1</sup>	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	21.0%	31 Mar 2021
Lowest annualised return	-6.8%	30 Apr 2020

#### Top 10 holdings as at 30 Sep 2024

1.	Republic of SA Bond 9.00% 310140 (R2040)	8.2%
2.	Republic of SA Bond 8.25% 310332 (R2032)	6.6%
3.	Naspers Ltd/Prosus NV	6.4%
4.	Eskom Holdings Bond 7.50% 150933	4.6%
5.	Republic of SA Bond 8.875% 280235 (R2035)	4.5%
6.	Republic of SA Bond 8.50% 310137 (R2037)	4.3%
7.	Standard Bank Group Ltd	2.9%
8.	Firstrand Ltd	2.7%
9.	Absa Group Ltd	2.2%
10.	MTN Group Ltd	1.9%

Risk measures	A class
Monthly volatility (annualised)	9.7%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-15.2%
% of positive rolling 12 months	83.3%
Information Ratio	0.5
Sortino Ratio	0.5
Sharpe Ratio	0.3

#### Asset allocation as at 30 Sep 2024



Comparison of Target Income Funds	2.5%	5%	7%
Exposure to growth assets	Higher	Medium	Lower
Exposure to income assets	Lower	Medium	Higher
Risk of not receiving targeted income return	Lower	Medium	Higher
Potential to grow invested capital	Higher	Medium	Lower
Likely volatility of total returns	Higher	Medium	Lower
Investment options		A Class	B Class
Minimum lump sum investment		R10 000	R20 million
Minimum monthly debit order		n/a	n/a
Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT)		A Class	B Class
M&G <sup>2</sup>		1.00%	0.70%
Expenses (incl. VAT)		A Class	B Class
Total Expense Ratio (TER)		1.39%	1.05%
Transaction Costs (TC) <sup>3</sup>		0.09%	0.09%
Total Investment Charges (TIC)		1.48%	1.14%

<sup>112-</sup>month rolling performance figure

<sup>2</sup> The Fund can invest portions of its assets into underlying foreign investments (incl. investments into Africa). This would mainly be achieved by investing into the sub-funds of the M&G (South Africa) (Bobal Funds I CAV and the M&G Africa Equity Fund. These funds will charge an additional asset management fee which is included in the Fund's NAV and

the Fund's TER. The Manager receives a marketing and distribution fee in respect of the

M&G (South Africa) Global Funds.

<sup>3</sup> Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs (where applicable).

#### **Fund facts**

#### **Fund objective**

To target an annual income return of 5%, with a secondary objective of growing capital. While a 5% annual income return is targeted, the actual income return may vary.

#### Investor profile

Income drawing investors who want to invest in a fund that aims to earn 5% income per year. Subject to this income return being achieved, investors also want capital growth over time. The relatively high targeted income return means there's an appreciable possibility that the real value of capital after targeted income drawdowns will not be maintained over the long term.

#### Investment mandate

The Fund invests in a flexible mix of local and foreign equity, bonds, property and cash. The Fund can also invest in derivatives and other collective investment schemes. The Fund is not managed to conform to the regulations governing retirement fund investments (Reg.28). Besides a max. total equity exposure of 85%, the Fund is not limited in its allocation to asset classes, currencies or geographies.

#### Income distribution

The income earned from the Fund's underlying assets will be distributed quarterly. Typically, investors will reinvest these distributions. Regular drawdowns, which could be made monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly, will be funded through the sale of units.

#### **Fund managers**

Sandile Malinga Michael Movle Leonard Krüger

### **ASISA** category

Worldwide - Multi-Asset - Unclassified

#### Primary objective

5% Income return p.a.

#### Inception date

2 April 2019

#### Fund size

R186 138 617

M&G 5% Target Income Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar



# M&G 5% Target Income Fund

Target Income

# September 2024

Income Distributions <sup>4</sup>	A Class	B Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
30 September 2024	1.45 cpu 4.77%	1.56 cpu 5.08%
30 June 2024	1.52 cpu 4.87%	1.62 cpu 5.20%
31 March 2024	1.25 cpu 4.97%	1.34 cpu 5.31%
31 December 2023	1.16 cpu 4.97%	1.25 cpu 5.31%

#### **Fund commentary**

Global equities as measured by the MSCI ACWI Index recorded a positive total return in September, boosted by a bumper rate cut in the US and a package of stimulus measures announced by China. US Treasuries and eurozone bonds also enjoyed gains on the back of rate cuts and the prospect of more to come. Most major stock markets started the month on the back foot, dragged lower by a sell-off in technology stocks and disappointing manufacturing and employment data out of the US. However, investor sentiment improved after US CPI fell to 2.5% y/y for August (down from 2.9% in July) and the US Federal Reserve (Fed) delivered a 50 bps interest rate cut – the first rate cut since March 2020. While a rate cut was widely anticipated, the magnitude of the cut came as a surprise. Fed officials expect the benchmark interest rate to drop another 50 basis points by the end of the year, and a full percentage point in 2025. In the UK, the BoE kept its Bank Rate at 5% at its September meeting, a decision that was largely anticipated as part of their efforts to bring CPI inflation back to the 2% target level. Monetary policy has been focused on eliminating persistent inflationary pressures to achieve this goal in a timely and sustainable manner. Turning to the Eurozone, CPI inflation dropped to 2.2% y/y in August, down from 2.6% in July. As anticipated, the ECB cut rates in September, reducing the interest rates on main refinancing operations and the marginal lending facility to 3.65% and 3.90%, respectively.

Towards the end of the month the People's Bank of China (PBOC) announced a raft of stimulus measures to shore up a flailing economy, leading to a surge in Chinese and China-exposed stocks. The PBOC cut the rate on one-year medium-term lending facility (MLF) loans to some financial institutions to 2% from 2.3%. China's August CPI inflation came in at 0.6%, below the forecasted 0.7%. China's economy is showing signs of a modest recovery, but a slow start to the second half of the year is increasing pressure on the world's second-largest economy to implement additional policies. On the local front, the SARB's MPC cut the repurchase rate by 25 bps to 8%, as expected. MPC members agreed that a less restrictive stance was consistent with sustainably lower inflation over the medium term. Meanwhile, CPI inflation fell to 4.4% y/y in August, below the forecasted 4.5% and marking the third consecutive monthly decline. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index returned 4.0% in September, while Listed Property (FTSE/JSE All Property Index) posted 5.2%. The FTSE/JSE All Bond Index returned 3.9%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted 0.7%, and cash as measured by the STeFI Composite Index delivered 0.7%. Looking at global market returns (in US\$), the MSCI All Country World Index delivered 2.4%, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index returned and 1.0% against the US dollar, 2.1% against the euro and 1.0% against the pound sterling.

Contributing the most to absolute performance for the month was the fund's exposure to SA equities (excluding property), SA bonds (excluding inflation-linked bonds) and SA listed property.

#### Glossarv

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12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gain distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Intended maximum limits	This indicates the Fund's intended maximum exposure to an asset class. These limits may be reviewed subject to the Fund's Supplemental Deed and/or Regulation 28 for those Funds managed in accordance with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Regulation 28	The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes.  A Class: for individuals only.  B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only.  X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund.  T Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.

#### Contact us

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#### Invest now

### **Application forms**

An electronic copy of this document is available at www.mandg.co.za

#### Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Dunit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will payyour financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fee, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees is available on our website. One can also obtain additional information on M&G products on the M&G website. The Fund may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-e

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).